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THURSDAY, JULY 7, 1955

THE JERUSALEM POST

PRICE: 100 PRUTA
VOL. XXXI, No. 8211

JERUSALEM'S
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Marginal Column

By GEORGE LEONOF

IT'S not much good looking canny and implying that all the apparently conciliatory Soviet gestures do not, of course, mean that the Soviets have abandoned the doctrine of world revolution. They haven't and if any of the speculating skeptics would trouble to put a straightforward question to anyone down the line from Nikita Khrushchev to a newly-baked Komsomol, he would no doubt get the same starry-eyed answer that Steward Alsop, widely-read New York *Herald Tribune* columnist, evinced from Dmitri Shepalov, editor of the *Pravda*, in Moscow recently. The American newsman who thinks Shepalov a likely successor to Foreign Minister Molotov, asked him how to reconcile peaceful coexistence with Lenin's prediction of a "series of fearful clashes" between the capitalist and Communist systems. Shepalov replied: "From our point of view it is as inevitable as night follows day that the capitalist system will be replaced by the socialist system." But when Alsop pressed Shepalov about the predicted "fearful clashes," the latter replied that there would be "no export of revolution at all." Alsop thought he and Shepalov were talking about different things. They were, but this is one of the things that coexistence must accept.

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IT would be futile to hope for any lengthy period of coexistence unless the West is prepared to accept it in the knowledge that the Communists are firmly convinced they have the means to destroy the capitalist system. This conviction need not necessarily, and perhaps had better not, be measured entirely in terms of atomic bombs or even conventional arms, though these still remain highly practical safeguards against miscalculation. It might help, however, to put Lenin's reference into proper perspective. Lenin died convinced that it was impossible to "build socialism in one country," and that the capitalist world would mobilize all its resources to crush whichever state sought to consolidate the system. Its only hope, then, was to spread like brushfire and, by dividing the superior forces of capitalism, overcome it in a series of "fearful clashes." His disciples today esteem Lenin no less for his faulty analysis. They are no less certain that the capitalist system cannot lay the basis for a just social system. They devoutly believe that, in time, they can. But the march of triumphant socialism has been slow, and they have been wont to prod it wherever possible towards its inevitability. If today they undertake to stop prodding, this may be one basis for coexistence. If they have lost their impatient contempt for parliamentary processes, this may be another.

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"NO export" of revolution means non-interference in the affairs of other states, a principle to which the Soviet Union has subscribed in the recent Bulganin-Nehru joint declaration and the earlier communique by Marshals Bulganin and Tito. Perhaps the Soviet Prime Minister would undertake the same commitment at the forthcoming Geneva conference — and mean it. It does not mean an end, however, to propagation of the ideology of revolution at home, nor that Moscow would not welcome foreign political leaders who choose to come to study at the Institute of Marx-Engels-Lenin-Stalin. The Communists believe that enough will want to come, especially from Asia, and it seems that the West will have to accept the challenge. The much-maligned parliamentary system has shown itself to be no mean competitor, and social progress by parliamentary legislation has not lagged behind achievements by decree. But it is a far cry from the British Welfare State and Ford's Guaranteed Annual Wage to the squalid misery that is still the fate of more than half of mankind in Asia and Africa, and it is hard to win sympathy for the "enslaved whites" of Eastern Europe among peoples who understand that the blessings of democracy could also be made to apply to the brown- and black-skinned.

Jerusalem, July 7.

Greece Sees Change In British Stand on Cyprus

ATHENS, Wednesday (Reuter). —Acting Foreign Minister Kanelopoulos said here today that the British invitation to Greece to take part in tripartite talks with Turkey on Cyprus "constituted an essential change in British policy."

Speaking in a parliamentary debate on the invitation he said that Greek policy is based on the belief in the Cypriot right of self-determination, and respect for "our friend and ally, Britain."

Gaza Parley To Continue Today; Agenda Adopted

By Our UN Reporter

The talks on reducing border tension between Israel and Egypt, which in the past week were in danger of foundering on Egyptian intransigence, sailed smoothly forward at Kilometre 95 yesterday, when an agenda was adopted and discussions begun. The talks lasted for about four hours, and will be continued at 10 o'clock this morning.

The U.N. spokesman said yesterday that the talks were held in a "cordial atmosphere," different from that of the first two meetings held last week.

Maj.-General E.L.M. Burns, U.N. Chief of Staff and chairman of the meetings, put forward a draft agenda similar to one of the drafts submitted last week. Rejected then by the Egyptian delegation and approved by the Israelis, it was accepted by both parties yesterday.

A Foreign Ministry spokesman explained last night that it provides for a discussion of Gen. Burns' proposals, and states that each party may put forward any suggestions of a military nature for the reduction of tension along the demarcation line. The parties are at liberty to raise these suggestions after the discussion of Gen Burns' proposals or to bring them forward in the course of this discussion.

After the adoption of the agenda, Gen. Burns stated that it should be regarded as a broad framework for discussion and not as a final and definite formulation of any specific proposal.

The first point among Gen. Burns' proposals refers to joint daily patrols. The General submitted to the parties a detailed paper for study, indicating that this proposal of his was not to be considered as final.

Later the meeting proceeded to discuss the establishment of an arrangement between local commanders.

The Jerusalem Post Diplomatic Correspondent writes: It is understood that one of the difficulties which arose in the discussions was Egypt's objection to the insertion of a statement that the draft of the local commanders' agreement discussed does not affect the responsibilities of both parties under the Armistice Agreement. The fact was admitted by both parties, but Egypt did not want this in the text.

Mr. Tekoah, Director of Armistice Affairs in the Foreign Ministry, it is learned, then stated that he could not see why, if both parties were in agreement, they should not be prepared to say so. He also pointed out that if the parties reach agreement on any security measures for the reduction of tensions, then they should aim at making them the best possible and most efficient measures.

According to a U.N. Truce Supervision Organization announcement last night, Gen. Burns' proposal concerning the employment on security duties of only well-trained and disciplined regular military or police personnel in the demarcation line area was incorporated in the discussion on the local commanders' arrangement.

It noted as well that "as a result of previous discussions, an agenda was adopted without further difficulty," and it added that "progress was registered on the proposals discussed."

The first regular monthly meeting of the Israel-Egyptian MAC in more than six months will take place today at the demilitarized zone of Auja, ANA reported yesterday.

Later, in Cairo, Col. Gohar expressed hopes that the talks would succeed. He denied reports that Egypt had requested the U.N. Secretary-General, Mr. Dag Hammerskjold, not to renew the appointment of Major-General Burns.

Infiltrators Wound Village Watchman

A watchman of Kibbutz Beit Govrin, in the Jerusalem Corridor was wounded early yesterday morning by a gang of armed infiltrators who penetrated the settlement, the Army spokesman announced.

When the gang fled, it encountered an Israel patrol and an exchange of fire ensued. The marauders fled to the Jordan border.

A gang of Egyptian infiltrators opened fire on an Israel patrol on Monday night near Mefalsim settlement, opposite the Gaza Strip, the spokesman also said.

The unit returned the fire, putting to flight the marauders who then escaped to the Egyptian border. No Israel casualties were reported.

On the third anniversary of the passing away of the late Deputy Prime Minister and the first Finance Minister of the Government of Israel

ELIEZER KAPLAN זצ"ל

A memorial service will be held at the Givat Herzl Cemetery on Sunday, July 10, 1955, at 6 p.m.

At 9 p.m., at the Beit Hahalutzot, 14 Rehov Ibn Gabirol, Jerusalem: Appreciation.

The entrance to Mt. Herzl is open to the public. Bus service will be available to participants at 5.15 p.m., on Rehov Hillel near the Knesset Bldg.

Faculty Staff Votes To End University Strike

Jerusalem Post Staff

The 16-day Hebrew University strike is expected to end this afternoon. This decision was taken at a three-hour meetinging of associate professors and lecturers yesterday afternoon. Regular work is due to be resumed after a meeting at Terra Sancta this morning, at which the organisaiton of lecturers and assistants is expected to adopt a similar decision.

The Coordinating Committee of all academic organizations met last night and will hold another meeting today to discuss the end of the University strike. According to a decision taken by the Committee earlier this week, any agreement arrived at by a member body must be authorized by the Committee.

Yesterday's decision followed the receipt of a letter from the University President, Professor B. Mazar, confirming an agreement arrived at between the Administration and representatives of all faculty levels under which the Administration will support faculty demands that new wage scales be retroactive to April 1. It will also grant an advance payment in August, the amount of which is to be jointly determined with faculty representatives. In addition, the Administration promised to do its best to achieve a basic and substantial amendment of present wages.

October 1 Deadline

If no agreement is reached by October 1 on new wage scales and no satisfactory arrangement is made for advance payments, faculty representatives will consider whether to resume the strike.

A new examination schedule will be published in the press tomorrow, a faculty representative announced.

An announcement by the Histadrut Executive in Tel Aviv last night said that the Histadrut would work out a special wage scale for the Academic staffs of the institutions of higher learning and research. It would also recommend to the Government that the University should be permitted to make advance payments in August of sums to be determined by agreement with the University staff.

UK Lodges 'Emphatic Protest' on Shelling

CAIRO, Wednesday (UP). — Britain lodged a "most emphatic protest" with the Government today over the shelling of the ship, Anshun, in the Gulf of Akaba on Monday.

A British Embassy spokesman said that Counsellor Terence Garver delivered the protest to the head of the Political Affairs Department of the Foreign Ministry.

The note protested "against the unwarranted action of the Egyptian shore station in firing upon a British merchant vessel exercising her undoubted right of innocent passage." It demanded an explanation from the Egyptian Government and reserved the right to claim compensation for damage to the Anshun.

In the Commons today, Mr. Emanuel Shinwell, Labour, asked whether in view of these Egyptian activities, it was wise to export British arms to Egypt. Minister of State Anthony Nutting avoided a direct response to this question, and said that the Government tried to keep a balance of supplies to all Middle East states. He added that Britain has never recognized the legality of the Egyptian blockade of waters leading to Israel ports.

Mr. Shinwell suggested that it was anomalous to export arms to a country engaged in activities condemned by Parliament and the U.N. Mr. Nutting replied that these arms were intended for defence, adding that the Egyptians had said they did not hit the ship but had fired a warning shot across her bows. If that is the case, they must be poor marksmen or poor observers, or both, he said amid laughter.

Acting Foreign Minister Ahmed Said Kheirat said today that his Government would reject the British note, Cairo Radio announced. He pointed out that the incident had occurred in Egyptian territorial waters, and that Egypt has every right, according to international law, to search and request identification of vessels passing through the mouth of the Gulf of Akaba.

Flouts Int'l Law

The bombardment by Egyptian coastal batteries of the British vessel s.s. Anshun, which was suspected by Egypt of proceeding to Eilat on July 3 1955, is additional proof, if further proof were needed, of the continued Egyptian disregard for international law and for the very fundamentals upon which the General Armistice Agreement rests, the Foreign Ministry spokesman said last night.

Israel will bring this grave incident to the notice of the Governments of the maritime powers, he declared.

The fact that in this particular case the victim happened to be a British vessel chartered to carry Moslem pilgrims to Mecca is as ironical as it is irrelevant. What matters is Egypt's illegal insistence on the exercise of belligerent rights contrary to her international obligations (and contrary to the explicit decision of the Security Council) which finds expression in such acts as the shelling of defenceless ships in the Gulf of Akaba and the denial of passage to Israel vessels through the Suez Canal, the spokesman said.

EGYPTIAN SOLDIERS CROSS INTO ISRAEL

A group of Egyptian soldiers crossed into Israel territory on Tuesday night in the vicinity of Kisufim near the Gaza Strip, the Army spokesman announced. An Israel patrol opened fire on the Egyptians, who fled across the border.

AZEM TO CONFER WITH NUTTING TODAY

Foreign Minister Khaled el Azem of Syria, who arrived in Paris *en route* home from the U.N. anniversary meeting in San Francisco, was scheduled to leave the French capital for London to confer with Minister of State Anthony Nutting today, NEABS reported.

Bigger Share In Gov't for Moroccans

PARIS, Wednesday (UP).—The Government today approved giving Moroccans a bigger share in the government of their country, and worked out final plans for the debate on the accords granting Tunisia home rule.

In a long session under President Coty, the Cabinet approved the instructions to be given to the new Resident-General in Morocco, M. Gilbert Grandval. The instructions are that Moroccans are to get an increasing share of the "responsible posts." M. Grandval, who will leave tomorrow to take up his post, will make a survey, and will return to Paris with a new plan for restoring order in Morocco.

The Cabinet also agreed that M. Pierre July, Minister for Tunisian and Moroccan Affairs, should tell M. Grandval to take steps to move towards less direct rule from Paris and more from Rabat.

Ratification of the Franco-Tunisian accord on self-rule will be debated by the National Assembly tomorrow, with the final vote expected on Friday. This morning the Assembly's Finance Committee gave overwhelming approval to the Tunisian agreements.

Powell Trying to Bring Israel, Arabs to Talks

WASHINGTON, Wednesday (INA). — A Negro Congressman from New York will act as an unofficial intermediary at next year's Afro-Asian conference, in efforts to bring Israel and the Arab states together, according to the International News Service.

Congressman Adam Powell has reportedly stated, "I am trying to induce the Arab countries to agree to have Israel represented at the next conference. My negotiations will be made with Egypt at first, because I feel that if she agrees, then the other Arab states will also agree. Representatives of both Israel and Egypt have encouraged me to continue my efforts."

SHILUMIM INITIATIVE SPURS INDUSTRY

Jerusalem Post Bureau

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — The present heavy influx of raw materials from Germany to Israel is a direct result of the initiative taken by the Shilumim Corporation two years ago, when it began a policy of supplying local industry with raw materials despite the opposition and lack of sympathy then encountered on every hand, Mr. Hillel Dan, former head of the Shilumim Corporation, said during a lecture in the Israel Productivity Institute here this evening.

The Corporation is today almost the sole supplier of metals, mainly iron, to local industry, and has set up adequate reserves of iron for the next 18 months; 50 per cent of raw rubber requirements, all chemicals and many other items are also supplied by the Corporation.

When Shilumim commenced operation, both local manufacturers and the competent authorities were backward in placing orders, and treated the idea of Reparations with scepticism. The Corporation undertook two main tasks: to ascertain the needs of Israel's industry and to persuade industrialists to place orders. It consequently made huge purchases of raw materials and equipment not ordered at the time, but orders for which have begun to flow in since.

Sixteen modern ships, produced by a brand new industry, now form the core of Israel's merchant navy; the old railway service has been renovated and is being expanded; the amount of electricity generated in the country has risen from 230,000 to 650,000 kw., and new power stations are being set up. These and other achievements can be credited to the policy of the Shilumim Corporation, who insisted on spending all funds available at once on essential raw materials and equipment.

Turkey Reported Urging Solution Of 'Palestine' Issue

ISTANBUL, Wednesday (INA). — Turkey is apparently playing an active behind-the-scenes role for the settlement of the "Palestine" dispute. This conclusion was drawn by diplomatic circles here from President Bayar's surprising speech last Monday night.

During an exchange of toasts with King Faisal of Iraq, now visiting Turkey, he said that his Government is not only concerned with the entire Middle East question but also considers it a duty to solve the Palestine problem, in particular, with justice and moderation. He appealed to "all interested countries to show confidence, understanding and cooperation, so that our common efforts may yield good results."

Diplomatic sources say that Turkish statesmen are taking advantage of every visit and every talk with Arab leaders to urge them to settle the dispute. In official statements they are constantly referring to Mr. Bayar's latest speech on "internal threats" in the Middle East.

Vatican Said Favouring New Plan for Holy Places

BRUSSELS, Wednesday (INA). — Continuing his series of articles on Israel in "Free Belgium," Jacques Rom said it seems certain that she will be "economically viable for many years."

Referring to the danger of war in Israel, he said that the Holy See is anxious lest the Christian Holy Places should be destroyed. It has, therefore, appealed to the Christian world to see to it that Jerusalem and its surroundings should have a stable regime based on international law, and declared that since Israel is opposed to internationalization, a provisional arrangement to protect the Holy Places could be made.

The project would comprise an autonomous and extraterritorial status for the Old City and Mount Zion. This small "Vatican City" could be administered by a council composed of representatives of the principal faiths and supervised by a neutral personality with a U.N. mandate. There should also be free access to the Holy Places of the Christian, Jewish and Moslem faiths.

"Christians will then be free to go to Nazareth and Ein Karem in Israel and Jews would be able to visit Rachel's Tomb," the article states.

The writer claims that Belgium woud be the most suited among the Christian nations to take the initiative in this respect, and that Belgium has an obligation to try to make peace return to the Holy Land.

ELECTORATE URGED TO BEHAVE

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — Representatives of all lists, meeting in the Central Election Committee headquarters here today, called on the electorate to conduct itself during the coming election campaign with the dignity and responsibility befitting a cultured and civilized community.

The meeting, presided over by Supreme Court Justice Shimon Agranat, warned the public against interfering with speakers or disfiguring election posters. It termed any attempt to bring economic pressure to bear on the electorate as undemocratic and illegal, and liable to heavy punishment.

LIST INVESTIGATED

BEERSHEBA, Wednesday. — Investigations into the alleged forging of signatures on the Likud (Gousman) election list were begun here today by Mr. M. Brauntal, Assistant Superintendent of Police, who is in charge of the Criminal Investigation Branch in Beersheba. The list was handed over to him by the local election committee.

AFTER MIDNIGHT

Premier Sami e-Solh's Cabinet resigned last night, an official spokesman declared in Beirut. President Camille Chamoun asked him to form a new cabinet.

US to Seek Means Of Increasing Int'l Trust

WASHINGTON, Wednesday. — President Eisenhower, at his news conference today, said that the purpose of the U.S. at present is to find an interim means of building up trust among nations as a basis for permanent peace.

The U.S., he stated, was going to the Geneva Big Four conference prepared honestly to present its case in a conciliatory and friendly attitude.

Commenting on the recent remarks by the Secretary of the Soviet Communist Party, Mr. Nikita Khrushchev, the President declared that America recognises Russia's great military strength, and he knows of no individual in the U.S. who has said that the Soviet is weak.

Mr. Eisenhower discussed the outlook for disarmament, and stated that agreement on some method of inspection is still the key to the problem. He suggested that some progress might be made through inspection of the means of delivery of atomic weapons, such as big bombers and guided missiles. It would be very difficult to develop a really extensive programme of guided missiles without this being detectable, he added.

While he did not expect the substantive question of disarmament to be discussed at the Geneva conference, the President said he would hope that the talks could decide what group was best suited to take up such questions. He acknowledged that there was some question as to how much inspection the U.S. itself would allow, but at the same time stressed that this is the heart of the problem.

The problem of whether to reduce armaments to relax tension, or *vice versa*, also exists, the President continued.

All he could say is that the U.S. earnestly wants to find an answer to this complicated question, pointing out the stupidity of expending great sums on armament and then, if there is no war, to receive so little benefit from this cost. He admitted, however, that the more he studied this problem intently, the more he saw himself in a squirrel cage.

He pointed out that there is also the problem of the introduction of weapons into a country by various means of transport, and if these should be found introduced inside a country, it would amount almost to a declaration of war. He did not elaborate on this point.

ANTONIO SEGNI

Segni Gives Italy New, Mild Gov't

ROME, Wednesday. — Premier-designate Antonio Segni gave Italy a new Government today pledged to mild reforms at home and a Western alliance abroad. He handed in his list of ministers to President Gronchi two weeks after the collapse of a similar coalition of middle-road Democrats headed by Mr. Mario Scelba.

The fear that Italy would shift to the left evaporated, but experts already referred to the Segni Government as a "vacation Cabinet" which could topple any time after the summer vacation season.

Prof. Segni, a mildly leftist Christian Democratic land reform expert, used the same formula followed by Mr. Scelba. The Christian Democrats, Liberals and Social Democrats joined his Government. The tiny Republican Party stayed out of the Cabinet but agreed to support the new Premier in Parliament.

The 11 new Ministers, apart from Prof. Segni, are:

Minister without Portfolio, Guido Gonella; Interior, Ferdinando Tambroni; Agriculture, Emilio Colombo; Foreign Trade, Bernardo Mattarella; Finance, Giulio Andreotti; Justice, Aldo Moro; Industry and Commerce, Guido Cortese; Merchant Marine, Gennaro Cassiani; Posts, Giovanni Braschi; Education, Paolo Rissi; and Transport, Armando Angelini.

The other Ministers remain unchanged. *(UP, Reuter)*

Eden Calls Parley On Malta's Status

LONDON, Wednesday. — Sir Anthony Eden announced today the convocation of a round-table conference after the end of July to consider a colonial plan to let representatives of Malta sit directly in the Parliament at Westminster.

If approved, the Mediterranean island would become the first colony to win a place in the Commons. Malta also was the first colony ever admitted by its own wish into the British Empire.

The announcement in the Commons followed two weeks of negotiating here by a Maltese delegation headed by Premier Dom Mintoff, whose plan is to give Malta a status of "closer association" similar to Northern Ireland.

The Prime Minister said that the Government welcomes this initiative. His statement was warmly cheered, and both Mr. Clement Attlee, the Labour leader, and Mr. Herbert Davies, the Liberal leader, welcomed the proposal. *(UP, Reuter)*

Oder-Neisse Frontier Final, Ulbricht Says

BERLIN, Wednesday (UP). — East Germany said today that the cession of the Oder-Neisse territory to Poland is final and can never be altered.

The statement was made by Deputy Premier Walter Ulbricht, Secretary of the East German Communist Party, in an article in the Party newspaper marking the fifth anniversary today of the Polish-East German treaty ceding the territory to Poland.

"There can be no doubt that with the fixing of the Oder-Neisse peace frontier between Germany and Poland, the frontier question between the two countries has been settled," the Deputy Premier wrote.

The Western Allies and the West German Government do not recognize the final cession of the territory. It was placed under Polish administration at the Potsdam Conference. However, the Conference decreed that the final fixing of Germany's frontiers would await a peace treaty.

Bonn, Paris Favour Int'l Atom Pool

STRASBOURG, Wednesday (UP). — The West German Government today proposed a permanent European atom pool. Foreign Minister Heinrich von Brentano announced before the Council of Europe Consultative Assembly that the Bonn Government proposes a "permanent European organization with a European executive authority," under democratic parliamentary control to oversee the peaceful use of atomic energy.

Brentano, in his maiden speech as Foreign Minister before a parliament, promised that the West German Government would carry on its European policy with the same determination as before.

"The Federal Government is therefore — in full agreement with the three Benelux countries — convinced that a permanent European organization with the executive European authorities should be established soon" for the peaceful use of atomic energy.

M. Gaston Palewski, Minister in Charge of Atomic Development, called for a "free market of the atom" in a speech in Paris last night.

Addressing French industrialists at a dinner attended by M. Francis Perrin, head of the French Atomic Energy Commission, pledged French support for an international atomic agency.

U Nu: US Leaders Not Opposed To Peking at U.N.

NEW YORK, Wednesday (UP). — U Nu, Prime Minister of Burma, said that he had "gathered the impression" in Washington that most responsible American officials do not oppose the eventual admission of China to the United Nations.

The problem, he told a news conference here, is a matter of timing. The Premier stressed that this was just an "impression."

U Nu, who talked with President Eisenhower and Secretary of State Dulles last week, turned aside a suggestion that Washington would not change its stand on China's admission to the U.N. until after next year's presidential election, saying, "I believe the American leaders are bold enough to do what they think should be done."

The visiting statesman said he thinks that Mr. Dulles is considering his suggestion that the U.S. and China should have direct talks to settle the Far Eastern crisis.

The Burman Prime Minister, who visited Peking after last spring's Bandung conference, added that he had "found a will" among both the Chinese and American leaders to settle their differences. He was still willing to serve as middleman "if both sides want my good offices."

In reply to a question, he said that Burma would not again refer to the world organization the problem of removing from its territory Gen. Chiang Kai-shek's irregulars who fled across the border before the advancing Chinese Communist armies. Burma would fight her enemies with her own strength, he declared.

In Washington today the Indian emissary, Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, called on Mr. Dulles for a one-hour discussion.

Mr. Menon told reporters that "we continued our discussions," but did not specify what the conversation was about.

Also giving his "impression," the Indian envoy said he thought that the current Soviet peace offensive is genuine and should be taken at its face value.

USSR, China Conclude Technical Aid Pact

LONDON, Wednesday. — Soviet Russia will give China free technical information under an agreement reached in Peking, according to the Soviet news agency TASS today.

In return China will supply Russia with information on silk, cellulose, paper, and ferro-concrete production, oil-bearing crops and certain foodstuffs. The two countries will exchange technicians to gain experience in branches of each other's industry. The agreement was reached by the Sino-Soviet Commission on Scientific and Technical Cooperation.

In Peking, the State Planning Commission told the National People's Congress yesterday in the opening of its second session, that China's industrial output will double during the first five-year plan ending in 1957. It was said the core of China's industrial development lies in 156 projects directed by Russia. *(Reuter, UP)*

CONVICTS TAKE OVER WALLA WALLA JAIL

WALLA WALLA, Washington (UP). — Rioting convicts controlled half of the Washington State Penitentiary today, while prison officials weighed their terms for the release of seven hostages as a deadline neared.

Spokesmen for the 800 convicts said that they would release the seven men unharmed this afternoon if prison officials showed "sincerity" in dealing with the demands. Convict spokesmen met with three reporters only hours after the riot began yesterday and said that the riot had begun while officials were interviewing new inmates. Prison food and the manner in which the convicts were fed were among the grievances of the rioters.

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Social & Personal

The President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi yesterday were presented with a Persian rug on behalf of a Keren Hayesod worker abroad who chooses to remain anonymous. The gift was presented by the Treasurer of the Keren Hayesod, Mr. M. Unsoskin.

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Prime Minister Moshe Sharett yesterday received Dr. Roland Q. Leavell, President of the New Orleans Baptist Seminar, and Dr. Casper C. Warren, of Charlotte, North Carolina.

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ARRIVALS: Professor I. Berenbium, Head of the Experimental Biology Department of the Weizmann Institute, from Europe, after attending a U.N. World Health Organization conference in Geneva; Rabbi Y. Toledano, Sephardi Chief Rabbi of Tel Aviv, after two months in Europe and Turkey; Mr. R. Fitzmaurice, a British building expert, for two weeks, to advise the Ministry of Labour within the framework of the U.N. Technical Assistance Programme.

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DEPARTURES: Mr. Y. Magen, spokesman of the Tel Aviv-Jaffa Labour Council, for Paris, to edit the Poale Zion Yiddish daily "Unser Wort."

The 23-member delegation of the American Christian Palestine Committee was entertained at the home of Professor and Mrs. W. C. Lowdermilk in Haifa and visited the campus of the Technion City and the Shemen works yesterday.

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MEMORIAL LECTURES

A lecture meeting marking the third anniversary of the death of Eliezer Kaplan will be held at 9 p.m. on Sunday at Beit Hahalutzot in Jerusalem. The speakers will include the Minister of Finance, Mr. Levi Eshkol, the Director of the Fiscal Department of the U.N., Dr. R. Bloch, the General Manager of the Bank Leumi, Dr. A. Barth, and the Treasurer of the Jewish Agency, Dr. G. Josephthal.

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MEMORIAL SERVICE

A memorial service marking the 30th day after the death of Shlomo Zarchi, who was chairman of the Haifa Journalists Association and "Davar" correspondent, will be held at Beit Pevsner, Haifa, at 8.30 tonight.

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A cocktail party will be held this afternoon at the Dagon Hotel, Ashkelon, to celebrate the hotel's first anniversary. *(Advt.)*

Rheumatic Fever Group Founded in Jerusalem

The rehabilitation of children and adults suffering from rheumatic fever, the spreading of information regarding this disease, preventive work, and medical research, are to be the concerns of the Israel Rheumatic Fever Society just founded in Jerusalem.

Two years ago a special Rheumatic Fever Ward of 25 beds was opened in Jerusalem in the Children's Department of the Bikur Holim Hospital. More special wards for hospitalization and the setting up of Rehabilitation Centres are urgently needed.

The Israel Rheumatic Fever Society is representative of various circles in the community. Its Chairman is Mrs. Alexander Eliash, and the Chairman of the Medical Council is Dr. Helena Kagan.

WATER will be cut off to consumers who fail to pay their water bills within a fortnight after presentation, the Jerusalem Municipality announced yesterday. Collectors will not call a second time, and consumers must pay either at the Water Department or at one of the banks designated on the bill.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM
At 3.30, 7.15 and 9.15 p.m.

ARMON: Alma, 2nd week.
EDEN: The Great Sinner.
EDISON: Scrupo 22 (At 9 p.m.: Nahimah).
ORIOLI: Riot in Cell Block 11.
ORNA: The Million Pound Note.
ORION: Demetrius and the Gladiators 2nd week.
RON: King Richard and the Crusaders.
STUDIO: "Jeux Interdits." 2nd week.
TEL OR: Second Chance.
ZION HALL: Elephant Walk.

TEL AVIV
At 4, 7.30 and 9.30 p.m.

ARMON: Purple Will Talk.
CHEN: Sabrina, 3rd week.
ESTHER: Escape from Fort Bravo.
HOGRAH: The Egyptian, 6th week.
OFNIR: "Arouet le Defroque."
ORION: Bloodhound, 2nd week.
TAMAR: Bitter Rice. Also continuous from 9.45 a.m. to 1.45 p.m.
TARON: All the Brothers Were Valiant.
RAMIR: "Villa Borghese," continuous from 10 a.m.: Tarzan.

HAIFA
AMPHITHEATRE: The Adventures of Hajji Baba, Fox Film, 2nd week.
ARMON: Mandy, 2nd week.
ORLY: Heidi.
ZION: Thief of Damascus.
ORION: Fighter Attack, 2nd week.
ATERON: Knights of the Round Table.
PEER: "Turmoil."
GAL OR: Rose of Berlin. Matinees: Pamela.
MORIAH: Ali Baba and the 40 Thieves, 6th week.

Roof Garden
NIGHTLY
Dance Carib

LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post July 7, 1955

In the Supreme Court Sitting As Court of Civil Appeals

Before the President (Justice Olshan), Justices Silberg and Sussman.

Aharon Levi, Appellant, v. Arye and Shoshana Michaelis, Respondents (C.A. 38/54).

Family of Contractual Tenant Protected by Rent Laws

The Supreme Court dismissed an appeal against a judgment of the Tel Aviv District Court sitting as a court of appeal, delivered on December 17, 1953 (C.A. 292/53.)

The appellant, Mr. Aharon Levi, let a two-room flat in Bat Yam to Mrs. Flora Michaelis for a period of one year, from March 1951 to March 1952. In May 1951, Mrs. Michaelis died and her grandson and his wife, the respondents, who had previously lived with the deceased woman, continued to occupy the flat. On the expiration of the lease, in March 1952, Mr. Levi demanded the return of the flat and obtained an eviction order from the Magistrate's Court. This order was overruled by the Tel Aviv District Court which held that on the death of Mrs. Michaelis, her grandson and his wife became statutory tenants according to the definition of "tenant" in section 2 of the Rent Restrictions Ordinance, 1940 (as amended in 1946) which states that "tenant" includes a member of the deceased tenant's family who was residing with him at the time of his death and for not less than six months immediately before that date.

Mr. Adereth appeared for the appellant, Mr. Elkayam for the respondents.

Judgment

The judgment of the Supreme Court was delivered by Justice Sussman who dealt firstly with the argument submitted by the appellant's Counsel that, since the deceased had been a contractual tenant and not a statutory tenant at the time of her death, the tenancy devolved on her heirs and not on the respondents (who are not her heirs); and since the heirs would then be non-occupying tenants, therefore they could not benefit from the protection of the Rent Restrictions Ordinances. He agreed with the District Court that the principle laid down in Moodie v. Hosegood (1951 2 AELR 582) according to which the contract of lease devolves on the heirs for as long as it remains extant, but the rights of a statutory tenant remain with those members of the family who resided with the contractual tenant at the time of his death was applicable to the present case. Any doubts which he might have had about the applicability to local circumstances of a principle which protects the statutory tenant not only against the landlord but also against the rightful heirs and so, virtually, denies the original contractual tenant the power to bequeath his contract to whomsoever he pleases, had Justice Sussman held, been dispelled by the amendment to the Rent Restrictions (Business Premises) Ordinance in 1951. This amendment allows for the spouse, or other alternative relatives, of a deceased tenant to become statutory tenants of the business premises, despite the fact that the business itself might be inherited by someone else.

Once the legislator had expressed the desire to give preference to close members of the family in questions of tenancy, then, Justice Sussman said, the Courts were entitled to conclude that the legislator did not disapprove of the principle laid down in Moodie v. Hosegood, although it introduced an entirely new conception into the laws for the protection of tenants and although it constituted a complete departure from the laws of inheritance.

Justice Sussman then turned to Mr. Adereth's alternative argument, the gist of which was that the respondents were not members of the deceased tenant's family within the meaning of the law, nor had they lived with her for six months prior to her death, and that the District Court could not have decided on these two factual points when the Magistrate's Court had not given any express ruling with regard to them. He held that the Supreme Court had already decided that in matters of family relationship towards a deceased tenant, the principles of English law should apply (C.A. 159/52, P.D. 8/1359), and that according to these principles the question of what constitutes a "family" was mainly one of law and could therefore have been dealt with by the District Court. As to the question of whether the respondents had resided with the deceased at the time of her death and six months immediately before, the Magistrate had concluded, with justification, that the respondents had fulfilled the requirements of the law.

The President agreed with his colleagues that the appeal should be dismissed but added a reservation that in his opinion the question of whether the respondents were members of the deceased tenant's family or not should have been decided by the Magistrate and not by the District Court, which should have returned the case to the Magistrate's Court for the purpose of clearing up this point.

Appeal dismissed with IL80 costs.

Judgment given on June 30, 1955.

Technion Sends Envoys To Hague Congress

HAIFA, Wednesday. — The Fourth Congress of the International Union of Architects to be held at The Hague, July 11-16, will see a special exhibition of architectural designs drawn up by the students of the Technion, Israel Institute of Technology, which have been submitted by invitation. Representatives of the Technion participating in the Congress will be Professor Alexander Klein, Head of the Research Institute of Town Planning and Housing, and Mr. A. Hashimshoni, Senior Lecturer in Architecture at the Institute, who will submit a paper on "Education of the Architect."

ISRAELI STUDENT OFF TO SIAM

A one-year scholarship for research in Siamese culture has been granted by the Government of that country to Mr. Dan Soen, 26, a graduate of the Oriental Studies Institute of the Hebrew University. Mr. Soen left by air yesterday on his way to Bangkok.

The Ministry of Education and Culture spokesman stated that this was the first such scholarship to an Israeli. The stipend was granted by means of the Siamese Committee for UNESCO in cooperation with its counterpart in this country. Mr. Soen was chosen from among a number of candidates by a joint committee of the Ministries of Education and Foreign Affairs.

What to go

JERUSALEM

Your Lunch and Dinner at Hesse's Restaurant, Jerusalem, Tel. 4130. Excellent food and service. Oldest establishment in Israel. Dinner will be served on the terrace.

★ **Exhibitions:—**
"Conquest of the Desert" permanent exhibition of the former Israel pavilion of the International "Conquest of the Desert" Exhibition, 10-1, 4-6.
Department of Antiquities special exhibition: Excavations of a Canaanite Temple on the seashore of Nahariya (XVIIIth-XVth centuries B.C.E.), 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech, Open 9-1, 4-6.
"Miserere" by Georges Rouault, in the Hermann Shulman Hall: American Contemporary Paintings, Exhibit of the Month; Vase Ceramic Gold Lustre, Kashan School (Persia) 13th century, (New acquisition of the Museum). Bezalel Museum, 9-1, 3-6.
Paintings and Sculptures by Robert Baser. Drawings by Jerusalem Artists, Artists House, 10-1, 4-7.

★ **Theatre:—**
Habimah, "King Lear," Edison, 9 p.m.

★ **Recreation: —**
Recreation home "Hayoreen," Talpiot, Jerusalem. Entertainment programme from July 6-10, Wednesday morning — visit to Mt. Herul, evening — performance of the magician "Methisto." Thursday morning — visit to "Conquest of the Desert" Exhibition, evening — performance of Schmuel Fischer. Friday morning visit of K.K.L. and University, evening—Oneg Shabbath. Saturday, visit of Ramat Rahel.

★ **Tours: —**
Hebrew University conducted tour New Administration Building, King George Ave., opposite Terra Sancta, 10 a.m.

★ **Film Show: —**
Keren Hayesood, for tourists and visitors, 11.30 a.m.

TEL AVIV

★ **Exhibitions:**
1) Aaron Priwer — Sculptures 2) Lauder Pados (Venice, Italy)—Paintings, 3) Rubin (Retrospective Show), 4) Brazilian Architecture, 10-1, 4-7.

★ **Theatres:—**
Chamber Theatre, "The Good Soul of Szechuan, Mograbi Hall, 8.30 p.m.
Chamber Theatre, "The Rainmaker," New Cameri Hall, 8.30 p.m.

★ **Entertainment: —**
Cocktail Bar; nightly programme.

★ **Lecture: —**
Yohanan Simon on his impressions of South African countries. Painters and Artists Pavilion, 9 Rehov Alharizi, 9 p.m.

HAIFA

★ **Exhibitions: —**
Sam Zacks collection: Paintings by Bonnard, Villon, Vlaminck etc. Daily conducted tours at 11.30 a.m. and 6 & 8 p.m. Also exhibits of the competition for the relief at the front of the Central Synagogue in Haifa. Fortnightly exhibit: Jug by Hanna Zunts-Charag. Municipal Museum, Town Hall, 9-1, 4-9. Closing on Saturday night.

★ **Theatre: —**
Chamber Theatre, "Pantomime" (Programme No.2), Armon, 8.30 p.m.

RAMAT GAN

★ **Theatre:—**
Yiddisch Comedie Theatre, Dina Halperin in "Die Kleshufmakherin" (The Witch), Rama, 9 p.m.

EMEK HEFER

★ **Theatre: —**
Ohel, "They Knew What They Wanted."

REHOVOT

★ **Theatre: —**
Habimah, "In the Fields of the Negev" (for "Telem"), 8.30 p.m. (Tickets sold for May 3 are valid for this performance).

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Mario LANZA
Starts: Sat., July 9 1955

"I must be getting old. It seems to take more and more courage every night to leave the cosy security of the office for the stern realities of home." Saturday Review

28,000 Children To Go to Summer Camp

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Summer camps of every variety will open throughout the country on July 12 for some 28,000 children 6,000 more than were included in this project last year, *The Jerusalem Post* learns.

The camps, all of which are under the supervision of the Nutrition Department and the Youth Office of the Ministry of Education, will continue to provide good nutrition to at least some of the 76,000 children who now receive daily lunches in the elementary schools, it was stated.

Dormitory camps in youth hostels will absorb 250,000 children this summer. Some 700 children in the Negev area will be brought to vacation centres at the seashore and in the Sharon. All the children in Eilat will spend two months in a Sharon camp, stated Mr. Y. Meyuhas of the Ministry's Youth Office.

All-day camps (from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.) will be held mainly at the seashore with some in school buildings. As part of this programme, 1,000 Haifa children will be taken to the Mount Carmel woods every day. The children will be given three meals a day. In half day camps, two meals will be provided.

Summer camps will employ some 900 directors and instructors who will be drawn from teacher personnel in schools.

Half Million Budget

The entire summer camp budget is IL500,000 and will be borne by the Ministry, the Jewish Agency, the Government and local authorities with some contribution by parents. The food cost per month for every child is IL11 in half day camps and IL16 in all-day camps. Every child pays an average of IL2 a day for his vacation.

Art camps, with instructors in painting, sculpture, dance and the drama, will be held in Jerusalem's Wise Hostel and the Yisrael Shai Teachers Seminar in Givat Hashlosha. The Jerusalem camp will be directed by the musician, Emmanuel Zamir, and will have on its staff the artists Moshe Barash, Emmanuel Grau and Yosef Stern. Elsa Dubion will teach dancing at Givat Hashlosha.

Seven-day vacations will be provided for students of schools for working youth at "Ohalo" on Lake Kinneret. At Kfar Vitkin, children who are active in youth groups during the year will receive scouting and sports instruction.

Some 4,800 Beersheba school children will attend summer camps this year. The camps will last for a month and will cost from IL5 to IL16, according to family circumstances.

The Municipality has allocated a budget of IL6,000 towards the expenses of the camps.

Givat Mordechai Officially Named

The Givat Mordechai quarter in Katamon, Jerusalem, was officially named on Tuesday in honour of Mr. Maxwell Abbell, of Chicago. The quarter is on Jewish National Fund Land.

Present at the ceremony were Ministers, J.N.F. Heads, representations of the national institutions and many guests from this country and the United States.

Mr. Abbell and his wife were congratulated by Dr. A. Granott, Chairman of the J.N.F. Board of Directors, on the dual significance of the ceremony—the naming of the quarter and the laying of the cornerstone for the "Ohel Moshe Eliahu" synagogue. The synagogue is named for Mr. Abbell's father.

Following the unveiling of the name plaque, messages were read from the Chief Rabbis and the Minister of Development.

Mr. Abbell, a member of the Board of Governors of the Hebrew University and of the National Board of the American Friends, and Mrs. Abbell visited the University yesterday and were the guests of honour at a luncheon.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
522, 249, 49.9 & 31.3 M.

NEWS: Hebrew: 7 a.m., 1.30, 8.00, 6.15, 8.30 & 11.00 p.m. Arabic Programme (including News): 6 a.m. 2.15 & 6.30 p.m.
6.30 a.m. Service. 6.35 Exercise. 6.45 Musical Clock (R). 7.15 Melodies (R). 9.00 Close Down.
12.00 N. Programme for Factory Workers (Haifa). 12.30 Housewives' Corner. 12.50 Requests (R). 1.45 Opera (R). 3.30 Close Down.
4.00 p.m. Siesta (R). 4.30 Musical Miniatures (R). 4.45 Light Music (T.A.). 4.45 Where to Go (Jerusalem). 5.15 Child's Corner. 5.30 Children's Hour. 7.15 From the Concert Hall: Raphsody No.2 (Debussy). 8.15 Bible Reading. 8.45 Talk. 9.15 Violin Recital: Shimeon Mishori. At the Piano: Claude Abravanel. 9.45 Sport Review. 9.55 Variety. 10.25 Kol Yisrael Orchestra. Conductor: Hanan Schlesinger. Soloist: Imre Haydu. Psalm for Orchestra & Solo (Dr. Tennen). Arias (Mayerbeer; Verdi). 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
407, 468 225, 218, 48.9 & 31.3 M.

English News: 1.45, 10.00 p.m.
French News: 2.00 p.m.
IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 6.15 p.m. Programme for Yemenites. 6.30 French. 7.00 Yiddish. 7.30 Ladino. 8.00 Turkish. 8.15 Persian. 8.30 Close Down. 8.46 Rumanian. 9.00 Hungarian. 9.35 Close Down.
KOL ZION LAGOLA (32.3 M.): (South Africa Programme): 6.30 Newsreel. 6.40 Music and the Land of Israel. 6.55 French Programme. 7.05 News. 7.15 Close Down.
12.00 News. 12.10 Newsreel. 12.30 The Song of Deborah (Admon).
ARMY PROGRAMME (44.6, 214, 428 & 239 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.35 Fantasy. 7.00 Songs. 7.30 5 Armies. 8.00 Literature Corner. 8.30 News. 8.45 Classical Request Programme. 9.30 Dance Music. 10.00 Close Down.
B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS: (16.79 16.95 19.49, 31.15 M.): 6.30-7.00 p.m. News. News Talk: Week's Features.

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JERUSALEM: Bookshop Heatid, 2 Rehov Hahavatselet.

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Israel's Youth Better Organized Than Europe's, Says Burmese

By ANITA ENGLE

The students of Burma initiated and fought the long battle for their country's independence according to the international secretary of All-Burma Students Union now visiting Israel as the guest of Young Mapai.

Khin Maung Kywe, 22-year-old medical student at Rangoon University, is on his way home after a year studying youth movements in 11 European countries. His union is an independent students organization, non-political in aim but identified with the Socialist party.

Although Socialism is considered so important a tenet that it was written into the constitution of Burma, and 85 per cent of the Members of Parliament are Socialists, the students union is non-political. Its programme includes scouting, and mobilization for communal services.

"Burma looks to Israel as one of its greatest friends in Asia," the visitor said, when interviewed at the Orgil Hotel, prior to addressing a Mapai youth rally in Jerusalem on Tuesday night. "We have the same belief — the building up of a Socialist State by democratic means."

From a national point of view, he considers that the organization of Israel's youth is better than in Europe. "Youth in Europe is not so closely attuned to the needs of their country," he said. "Their activities are mainly theoretical and social. In Israel the youth is educated towards the development of the country."

Didn't he think there was too much emphasis on politics?

If the emphasis were on politics alone, it might be too much, he agreed, "but allied to practical work, as in Israel, politics provide a dynamic incentive."

Students began to mobilise for freedom in 1920, and emerged as national leaders with the 1936 and '38 all-Burma students' strike which had U Nu, then president of the students body, at their head. Eighty per cent of Burma's cabinet ministers are pre-war student leaders.

All education is free in Burma, which has to be restricted because the country has too many lawyers. In addition, students can receive State stipends and scholarships. Girls form 30 per cent of the student population of the University of Rangoon, and 45 per cent of the Faculty of Medicine.

The All-Burma Students Union has 40,000 members out of a possible 400,000, which includes secondary school students as well as university undergraduates.

Khin Maung Kywe considers that organization of the youth is one of Burma's most important targets. "The future of our nation is in the hands of these youth," he said. "They must be made worthy citizens of their country."

A party of Burmese youth leaders will be arriving within the next two or three months to spend six months studying youth work in Israel.

S. AFRICAN DOCTORS TO INTERNE HERE

Two South African medical school graduates will serve their internship in the Tel Hashomer Hospital, and four more may be placed with Hadassah Hospitals, in accordance with arrangements being made by the Ministry of Health at the request of the Zionist Federation in South Africa.

The Ministry has announced that it is prepared to provide suitable housing for the physicians. Interns in this country receive IL200 a month.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Rehovot, Bokharan Qtr., 4738. Givaat, Rehov Keren Kayemet, 3285.
TEL AVIV: Tabatchnik, 17 Allenby, 24553. Wolkowiski, 36 Herzl, 5157. Bograshow, 60 Bograshow, 23889. Alva, 168 Dizengoff, 24717. Baruch, Hatikva Qtr., 67408. JAFFA: Terufa, 105 Rehov 4, 93271. RAMAT GAN: Amit, 130 Modi'in. NAHLAT YITZHAK: Fisherman, near B'dolah factory, HOLON: Ribek, Kibar Struma.
HAIFA: Natan, 31 Joseph, 2364. International, 59 Ha'atsmaut, 2998.
KIRYAT BIALIK: Bialik, 7290.
SAFAD: Feldmann. NAHARIYA: Nahariya.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. L. Romanoff, 11 Ariosoroff, 61317. Dr. H. Peretz, 22 Rehov Keren Kayemet, 8354. Dr. Y. Shore, 36 Rashi.
TEL AVIV: Dr. M. Shahaan, 1 Syrkin, 28642. Dr. N.L. Sacher, 54 Sokolow, 26288. Dr. I. Griffel, 8 Ben Yehuda, 23496.
HAIFA: Dr. Epstein, 47 Herzl, 3577. Dr. Sherman, 3 Hanevi'im, 2424. Dr. Ludwig, 36 Shivat Zion, 67417.

S. Africa Beats Yorks

The South African touring cricket team gave a pre-test performance by beating second-placed Yorkshire at Sheffield by 193 runs on Tuesday. Bowlers Tayfield and Goddard, with fine efforts in both innings were the mainstay of the tourists' victory, with Heine, prior to his injury in the first innings, breaking the back of the Yorkshire bats.

Batting after dismissing South Africa for 209 (as reported Monday), Yorkshire were out for 198 in face of the Heine (three for 60) and Tayfield (four for 94) attack. The tourists took their score to 203 for six on the second day, and increased this to 360 before the innings closed.

South Africa were well on top when Yorkshire went for the second time with only Wardle standing up to the bowling of Tayfield and Goddard, hitting 74, 64 of which came from six sixes and seven fours. This gave the tourists their fifth win of the tour, a well deserved one. It was only the second time ever that they have beaten Yorkshire — the last occasion being 28 years ago.

South Africa starts its third test against England at Manchester today. The injury to Jack Cheetham has forced the tourists into changes. McGlew will be captain and reserve wicket-keeper. Duckworth gets his place.

Surrey gained an easy win over Kent in two days, winning by an innings and 28 runs, and lead the table now with 148 points from 13 games. Yorkshire have 128 from 14 matches. Lancashire, by reason of an eight wicket win over Derbyshire, moved into third spot, with 92 points from 14 games, with Middlesex and Warwickshire, next in line, both with 84 points. The annual inter-University match between Cambridge and Oxford ended in a draw. Scores: Cambs. 304 and 113/8 dec.: Oxford 179 and 230/4.

(E. BEECHER)

"Puff Puff" Pirie Sets New Record

LONDON, Wednesday (Reuter). — Gordon "Puff Puff" Pirie, Britain's star middle distance runner, gained one of his most spectacular successes at Paddington here last night, when he set the world's best time for 1¼ miles with 6 mins. 26 seconds. He shattered the previous mark of 6: 31.2 set by Andor Tharos, of Hungary, in London last May by 5.2 secs. The distance is not officially recognised for record purposes, internationally, but Pirie's time will go down for ratification as a British National mark.

The same day at Turku, Finland, Tom Courtney (U.S.) won a 800 metres race in 1 minute 47.6 seconds, one second outside the 16-year old world record held by Rudolf Harbig, (Germany).

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Notices to the Public

INFORMATION SERVICE FOR DOCTORS

The Post Office Administration announces that beginning Sunday, July 10, 1955, a doctors' information service will begin functioning on the major cities' interurban telephone exchanges.

The service will function between 6 p.m. and 7 a.m., weekdays, and 24 hours on Saturdays and holidays.

The service charge is IL10 per month, and all interested doctors should apply to:

A) Jerusalem: Assistant Director of Telephone Service, Central Post Office Building.
B) Tel Aviv-Jaffa: Director of Telephone Service, Hakirya, Tel Aviv.
C) Haifa: Director of Telephone Service, Haifa.

Redlegs, Cardinals In Free for All

NEW YORK, Wednesday (UP). — The Cincinnati Redlegs and the St. Louis Cardinals last night engaged in a fist-swinging free-for-all, with rival managers Birdie Tebbetts and Harry Walker starring in the main bout that finally was halted by police during a game at Cincinnati. The Redlegs won the game, 5-4, on a two-out single by Johnny Temple in the ninth inning but the on-field fight was considered a draw.

At Philadelphia, the Phillies gained their first victory over the Dodgers at Connie Mack Stadium this season, 5-4. Robin Roberts helped win his own game with a bases-loaded walk and a two-run double, while batterymate Andy Seminick hit a two-run homer.

In the only other National League action, the Giants rolled to an 11-1 victory over the Pirates behind the four-hit pitching of Johnny Antonelli. Willie Mays hit his 24th and 25th homers of the season for the Giants.

Hector Lopez broke a 3-3 tie with an eighth-inning homer that carried the Athletics to a 4-3 victory over the Indians in the only American League game scheduled. The defeat dropped Cleveland into third place, 5½ games back of league-leading New York.

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Today's Post Bag

THE WEATHER

	*A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	—	14	30	30
Tiberias	38	26	36	36
Haifa Port	60	23	30	29
Natanya	60	21	30	30
Tel Aviv Kirya	58	20	30	30
Tel Aviv Port	70	22	29	27
Lydda Airport	58	20	31	31
Jerusalem	44	15	28	28
Beersheba	32	14	38	33
Eilat	4	24	41	41

*A) Humidity at 9 a.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum yesterday. D) Maximum temp. expected today.

* * *

GOVERNMENT SALARIES will be paid this month by July 13, as usual, the Ministry of Finance announced yesterday. Rumours that they were to be postponed had no foundation, the announcement added.

* * *

CURRENCY IN circulation rose by IL4,915,992 to IL181,301,890 this week, the Bank of Israel announced yesterday. There was a IL764,008 decrease in foreign currency and a IL5,680,000 increase in Treasury Bills.

* * *

FOR REFUSING to accept five one-pruta coins as part payment of a bus fare, Avraham Zabari, 30, a Hamekasher bus driver, was yesterday fined IL5 by Jerusalem Chief Magistrate Moshe Peretz. The charge was "refusing to accept coins which are legal tender in Israel at the value designated on them."

* * *

THE FORTNIGHTLY convoy went up to Mt. Scopus yesterday accompanied by 15 workers of the Hebrew University.

* * *

1,800 WORK days for Negev Beduin have been allocated by the Ministry of Labour to dig ditches for water pipelines which will bring drinking water to Beduin in the Northern Negev.

* * *

THE JEWISH National Fund has decided to expand the Albert Einstein Forest, which was planted between Kiryat Anavim and Ma'ale Hahamisha in 1930 on the occasion of the scientist's 50th birthday.

* * *

A NEW composition, "Psalm" for orchestra by Dr. M. Tennen, with baritone solo by Imre Haydu, will be broadcast at 10.25 this evening over Kol Yisrael.

'4-in-1 Show' Opens At Tel Aviv Museum

Jerusalem Post Bureau

TEL AVIV, Wednesday.—Something new in exhibitions was tried out at the Museum when a "four-in-one show" of paintings, drawings and woodcuts by four Israel artists was opened this evening. The artists are Mordechai Avniel, Samuel Lamm and Melitta Shiffer, all of Haifa, and Zippora Brehner, of Tel Aviv.

Until now, Mr. E. Kolb, the director of the Museum, explained in his opening remarks, galleries in this country have concentrated either on one-man or group shows in which a maximum of three works of the same artist was exhibited.

However, in this "new and important idea," an effort has been made in the 79 paintings shared between them to give a picture of the work of four artists at one time. The exhibition will run for a month, and, Mr. Kolb said, he hoped that others of a similar type will follow it.

The last exhibition of the current season, etchings by Rouault, will open next month.

P.M. ON RELEVANT POINT IN KASTNER CASE

NATANYA, Wednesday. — The relevant point in the Kastner controversy was whether it was right during the war against the Nazis to do everything possible to save Jews, Prime Minister Moshe Sharett told an audience of 1,500 who packed the Migdal Or cinema tonight. He criticized all political parties which are using the Kastner issue for election purposes.

AGED WOMAN BURNS HERSELF TO DEATH

HAIFA, Wednesday.—Mrs. Hananyah Ya'acov, 75, poured kerosene over herself and set herself alight at five minutes before midnight last night. She was taken to the Rambam hospital where she died soon after.

Potash Works' New Plant Starts Operating in Few Weeks

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The installation of the new plant at the potash works in Sdom will be completed in the next few weeks, and it will begin operating immediately. Full production should be some 12,000 tons of carnallite a year and 135,000 tons of potash. It is hoped that the plant will reach full output early in 1956.

During a press tour of the Dead Sea Works Ltd., in Sdom on Tuesday Dr. Dov Joseph, Minister of Development, held a short press conference to explain some of the latest developments on the project and some of the wider plans. In reply to questions, he remarked that the press does not seem to cooperate in the building of the Negev. He cited the building of Dimona as an example of bad reporting.

Among those present on the tour were Rav-Aluf M. Makleff, General Manager of the Works, Mr. A. Citron, his deputy, Mr. M. Shapira, senior engineer, and other senior officials of the potash works, Mr. I. Peled, Director-General of the Ministry of Development, Mr. A. Akavia, his deputy, and other officials of the Ministry.

Since the road to Sdom was opened, installation of the plant has taken greater strides and in June, the first-stage decomposition plants, as well as the pumping station, began operating. The second-stage decomposition plant is being tested this month, while the third is being built. The total area of the pans has been increased to some 21 square kilometres. In 1948, their total area was 7.5 sq.km. Specialists have estimated that the pans can feed the plant some 180,000 tons of potash and carnalite. This is more than the factory can produce in the first phase of operation, but it is hoped that it will be further enlarged in the near future.

Competing with Cartel

The plant will be competing with an international cartel, Rav-Aluf Makleff told the press, and warned that no monthly production figures will be published.

The management hopes to create cheap power by using bitumen found in ample supply not far from Sdom.

It is estimated that some IL30m. were invested in the plant.

But the potash works have more problems than production. Work in the summer is carried on, on average at 40°C., and being below sea level, Sdom receives hardly any breeze.

The nights there are almost as bad, and as a result, production in comparison with other areas in Israel is rather low. Workers at the plant work in four shifts. One shift is on leave for 34 days every 14 days, while the other three shifts work 10½ days in every two weeks.

In the long run, the question is how to maintain a permanent staff at the works. Workers, in the main, leave their families in Jerusalem, Tel Aviv and Beersheba. There is virtually no family life in Sdom. The Ministry of Development thinks that it can solve the problem by building Dimona, which is 45km. from Sdom, where the workers' families will live.

TRANSPORT MINISTER IN HAIFA

HAIFA, Wednesday. — Mr. Zalman Aranne, Minister of Transport, visited Haifa today to meet local Ministry department heads and study problems on the spot. The Minister declined to make any statement to the Press, as he had not yet had the time to study the problems thoroughly, including the Kishon Harbour question.

Delegation Calls On New Minister

A delegation from Jaffa and Abu Ghosh village in the Jerusalem Corridor, headed by Sheikh Taher Hamad, Judge of the Sharia Court, and Said El Habab, Secretary of the Advisory Council for Jaffa Arabs, recently called on Mr. M. Shapiro, newly appointed Minister of Interior, and extended its best wishes on his assuming his new post.

Another Hashish-Filled Tube Found on Beach

REHOVOT, Wednesday.—A tire-tube made in Israel and containing 34½ kilograms of hashish in 106 packages and valued at IL20,000, was discovered today on the nearby Shukai Beach, by a Nir-Gelim tractor driver.

Two other tubes with hashish, washed up by the sea, were discovered there in the past few days.

Hashish smugglers working between the Lebanon and Egypt have recently suffered heavy losses. The Egyptian police caught a £200,000 cargo of the drug at the end of May, and since then 14 tubes have been found on the Migdal Ashkelon beach, the latest of them yesterday.

The police believe that the tubes were thrown overboard from a ship on its way to Egypt from the Lebanon and were washed up in Israel.

ALLIANCE MARKETS NEW TIRE

HAIFA, Wednesday. — A new type of tire, specially made for inter-urban and sherut taxis which continuously carry an overload of passengers is now being manufactured and marketed by the Alliance Tire and Rubber Company of Hadera. So far, local taxis have been using the 800x15 standard tire like American taxis, which do not carry seven passengers at a time.

The new tire is similar in structure to one made for trucks under the name of "Hi-Load Special," and weighs 39.5 lbs. as against the 32.7 lbs. of ordinary tires. The Alliance Company credits the new taxi tire with a 40 per cent longer life expectancy.

Barzilai Back From Helsinki Peace Meeting

LYDDA AIRPORT, Wednesday. —"We reacted strongly to some aggressive speeches made by Arab spokesmen at the Helsinki Peace Congress and protested against the failure to invite Israel to the Bandung Afro-Asian conference which passed resolutions concerning this country in its absence," Mr. Y. Barzilai, (Mapam), a member of the Israel delegation to the Congress in Helsinki from June 22-29, said on his return here today.

"The Israel delegation's stand at Helsinki has proved that the defence of Israel's independence, peace and security, the demand for direct Israel-Arab talks without interfering intermediaries and without advance conditions, in addition to our active participation in the world peace movement — are all matters of equal importance," Mr. Barzilai said.

The leading elements at the conference showed understanding for the Israel demand about the Bandung resolutions, and agreed to emphasize the principles decided on at Bandung, and not declarations which could be interpreted as having an anti-Israel meaning, he said.

One Helsinki resolution Mr. Barzilai particularly mentioned condemned the use of economic boycott as a weapon and reaffirmed the freedom of the seas. *(Itim)*

Engineers Blasting Tunnel for Jordan Waters

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TIBERIAS, Wednesday.—Working at a depth of almost 50 metres below ground level, nearby at Eilabun, engineers of Water Planning for Israel, Ltd. (Tahal) have blasted their way more than 400 metres into the hillside whilst boring an 880-metre tunnel which will carry the waters of the Jordan River towards the Negev.

The tunnel, which so far has cost IL600 for every metre of its length, will contain a water pipe 2.90 metres in diameter to carry the Jordan water to the Beit Natufa storage lake, from where it will be piped directly to the South. In charge of the tunnelling operation is a Swedish engineer who is the only non-Israeli working on the project.

The equipment is mainly German, bought from Reparations funds, with some Swedish and some locally manufactured. Working in 11 eight-hour shifts weekly, the 10-man work gangs clear between two and two-and-a-half metres of rock every shift. A miniature railway clears away the blasted rock from the shaft.

The Tahal company is also planning two other tunnelling projects, one of which, in the Ephraim Hills, will be over six-and-a-half kilometres long.

Redecorated Club For Jerusalem Journalists

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Chief Rabbi Yitzhak Nissim fixed the mezuza to the door jamb of the enlarged and redecorated Jerusalem Journalists Club which was formally opened by its president, Mr. Berl Coralnick, yesterday, in the New Carmel Mizrahi building in Rehov Shammai. Greetings were extended on behalf of the Tel Aviv Journalists Association by its president, Mr. M. Assaf.

Among the guests were Mr. Peretz Naphtali, Minister of Agriculture and Commerce and Industry; Dr. Dov Joseph, Minister of Development and Health; the President of the Supreme Court and Mrs. Olshan; Mr. S. B. Yeshaya, Jerusalem Chief Commissioner; the Jerusalem District Superintendent of Police and Mrs. Avrahami; Aluf-Mishneh Haim Herzog, Jerusalem District Commander, and Mrs. Herzog; Sgan-Aluf Yosef Carmel, the President's Aide; Mr. Y. Schreibaum, Acting Jerusalem District Representative; Mr. Ze'ev Sharef, Secretary to the Government; Mr. Walter Eytan and other senior officials of the Foreign Ministry; Mr. R. Silver, Director of the President's Office; members of the Knesset and other distinguished guests.

The Club was designed by Mr. Paul Engleman, the architect; the carpentry was done by Mr. Mandel Cohen and the furnishing by Mr. K. Laurer.

AN AUTOMATIC telephone switchboard is to be opened at Gan Yavne, in the coastal plain, at noon on Monday.

2nd Temple Cave Found in Jerusalem

A large cave, apparently dating from the period of the Second Temple, was accidentally discovered yesterday in the Katamon quarter of Jerusalem by workers digging a trench for a sewerage line.

Archeologists of the Department of Antiquities of the Ministry of Education and Culture have already begun to examine the find.

A preliminary examination has revealed that the sides of the cave were formed of dressed stones, and that the cave had been used as living quarters by a well-to-do family, since it included two halls, an outer and an inner one, with three corridors opening on the inner, apparently to other rooms. *(Itim)*

Hassidim Throw Stones In Election Brawl

Supporters of Rabbi Yoel Teitelbaum, a Rabbi of the Natorei Karta who are boycotting the elections to the Third Knesset, and members of Agudat Yisrael, who are appearing in the elections, threw stones at each other on Tuesday night in the Meah Shearim quarter of Jerusalem. Seven large window panes in the Satmar Yeshiva to which Rabbi Teitelbaum belongs, were smashed.

Bystanders state that the clash apparently started when the Agudat Yisrael members were pasting up election posters near the yeshiva.

Police are investigating persons. *(Itim)*

Soldiers' Rest Centre Opened in Ashkelon

Jerusalem Post Bureau

ASHKELON, Wednesday. — A rest centre for soldiers on active duty was officially opened today in what was formerly a coastal police station. The stable has been transformed into a Shekem canteen. Recreation rooms and a reading hall are in the main building, while the soldiers live in tents. The day's routine, according to the O.C. of the unit which was first to take advantage of the 10-day rest period here, was breakfast at 8 o'clock, sea bathing before noon, sleep in the afternoon and a cinema in the evening.

Mr. Z. Rousetzki, deputy-chairman of the Soldiers Welfare Committee who spoke at the ceremony in place of Mr. Yosef Barata, the Chairman, who is indisposed, said that the centre was one of 30 institutions which the Committee had opened in towns and villages for soldiers on leave. The Ashkelon rest centre came into existence by the cooperation of Afridar and the Ashkelon Local Council, who had obtained a IL10,000 donation from South African benefactors to start the project; the Ministry of Defence, the Army and the Soldiers Welfare Committee were the other partners in the scheme.

The walls in the house are painted a light green, and the windows are hung with gay curtains.

SUMMER EXERCISES SEEN IN PICTURE-STORY

TEL AVIV, Wednesday.—Summer exercises of an infantry brigade are described in a picture-story published by "Bamahaneh," the Army weekly, today. The exercises featured a stage in a "war between the Greens and the Blues." The area was, according to pictures, the borderland between a flat plateau and a hilly region. Tanks took part in the war games, with the Air Force giving support to the ground forces.

Gas Explosion After Gan Yavne 'Jack-Knife'

A small gas explosion occurred shortly after the oil drilling rig "jack-knifed" at the Gan Yavne oil drilling site on June 28, the Ministry of Development announced yesterday. This is the second at the site, a major gas explosion having taken place on June 1.

Definite details on the source and quantity of the gas will be available only as the result of more tests undertaken during further drilling which will be resumed in a few weeks.

There were technical reasons for the cause of the collapse, it was indicated, not connected with the first gas explosion.

Canada's Aid Promised

LYDDA AIRPORT, Wednesday. — "I promise the people of Israel and her Government that Canada and her Government will continue to follow Israel's development and will assist her progress and growth by every means," Mr. Milton Gregg, Canadian Minister of Labour, said here today prior to his departure for Europe after a six-day visit here as guest of the Government.

Mr. Gregg added that he was impressed by the efforts of the trade unions and the Government to increase productivity. He also made special mention of the heads of industry in Israel, who did not use profits for a life of luxury, but prompted by feelings of national responsibility, reinvested them in developing production.

The visitor was gratified to hear that the U.N. Truce Supervision Organization Chief of Staff, General Burns, who is a Canadian, was described by many people in this country as "doing a good job."

'Immigrants Yes, But Not in Huts'

Jerusalem Post Bureau

HAIFA, Wednesday. — "Our problem now is to liquidate the tin and tarpaulin of the ma'barot, bring in mass immigration but not to put the immigrants into huts again," Mrs. Golda Myerson, Minister of Labour, at a party at the Armon Cinema here tonight, told 750 families who are about to receive flats in the second stage of the Popular Housing Scheme. Mrs. Myerson promised that by the end of 1956, the tin and tarpaulin huts of the ma'barot will have disappeared.

Over 9,000 applicants had already deposited more than IL3m. in the "Savings for Homes" scheme, she said. The Ministry hopes that the new Government would permit construction to begin next year instead of in 1957.

The Mayor, Mr. Abba Khoushy, said that 36,000 residents of Haifa were still poorly housed.

Pupils March At School's End

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Led by a police band, 500 pupils in the last two years of Jerusalem elementary schools yesterday marched from the David Building to the Sports Club field in the German Colony to celebrate the end of the school term. The children are all members of youth clubs under the supervision of the Youth Office of the Ministry of Education and Culture.

Seated in the gaily-decorated field, the children watched representatives of their schools present folk dances and dramatic skits. Arts and crafts work done in the clubs was exhibited in the Beit Ha'pelim Youth Centre at one end of the field.

In the first ceremony of its kind, the "mobile" flag of the Youth Office was presented to the Ein Karem elementary school for excelling in youth activities during the past year. Speeches were made by Mr. Y. Meyuhas, Director of the Office, Mr. Atias, director of the Municipality's Education Department, Mr. A. Citron, head of the Ministry's youth club programme in Jerusalem, and Shlomo Nahmias, a pupil at the Ein Karem school.

Israel Dog Trainer Feted in US.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday (UP).—The Cuonsellor of the Israel Embassy and Mrs. H.Y. Levin held a reception at their home today in honour of Dr. R. Menzel, founder and director of the Seeing-Eye Dog Training School for the Blind in Israel.

Guests included many persons connected with work to help the blind in the U.S. It was explained that Dr. Menzel was also instrumental in the establishment of dog sections of the Israel army and the police force.

HERZLIYA SCHOOL FETE

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — The 50th anniversary of the founding of the Herzliya grammar school, which falls on October 11 this year, will be marked by a threefold ceremony, the anniversary committee, meeting under the presidency of Prime Minister Moshe Sharett, announced here today at its first sitting. A plaque will be unveiled on the school's first premises in Jaffa, the foundation stone of the new school will be laid and a public assembly will be held in the school grounds in the evening.

CIVIL SERVANT'S FILE UNDER STUDY

The Ministry of Commerce and Industry has transferred to the Civil Service Commission their file on an official who handles export licences, the Ministry's spokesman said yesterday.

Mr. H. Tsur, the Deputy-Mayor of Natanya, requested a IL15 export licence for medicine, to be sent to his mother in Russia, the licence was withheld for a long period. Later, in a letter to the Ministry, Mr. Tsur charged the official with gross negligence.

Women's Dormitories, Cafeteria Being Built in 'Students Village'

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The construction of "Students Village" on the new Hebrew University campus in Jerusalem took a giant step forward yesterday with the ceremony of the laying of the foundation stone of two residences for women students and a cafeteria. The buildings are going up with funds provided by the Women's League for Israel in New York, which was represented at the ceremony yesterday by Mrs. Jane Prince, the President, and Mrs. Rose Isaacs a founder and Vice-President.

Professor M. Evenari, Vice-President of the University, expressed deep appreciation to the League for its gift which would enable the students now "living in appalling conditions" to pursue their education in comfortable and pleasant conditions.

The greatest of responsibilities — that of establishing and preserving peace — would have to be faced by the youth of the nation, Mr. Edward B. Lawson, the U.S. Ambassador, stated. In the broadest sense, the hostel that was under construction would provide a material contribution to the peace in this area and thus to international peace.

Mrs. Rahel Ben-Zvi, the wife of the President, stated that the ceremony symbolized the two foundations on which Israel was built—manual labour and labour in the cultural field. She hoped that many students from abroad would find a home in the hostel.

Urgency of Training

Mrs. Prince emphasized the urgency of training young persons as future leaders. For this, facilities were needed and the League had undertaken to provide them. Mrs. Isaacs stated that the hostel would help produce the modern Woman of Valour who would participate in the intellectual and cultural life of the community.

The "Students Village" represented the Ingathering of the Exiles not only because students would come there from all over the world but because it was being built by Jews from all over the world, Mr. Bernard Cherrick, the University's Director of Organization, stated.

Copies of the Hebrew University edition of the Dead Sea Scrolls were presented to Mrs. Prince and Mrs. Isaacs by Miss Dunia Rosen on behalf of the Students Association. A certificate of inscription in the Golden Book in the name of the League was also presented by Miss Rosen on behalf of the five Batei Hahalutsot, which were built and are being maintained by the League.

Chamber Theatre Doing Kafka's 'Castle'

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — Franz Kfka's "The Castle," dramatised by his principal biographer and friend, Dr. Max Brod, will be performed by the Chamber Theatre in a fortnight, Mr. Joseph Milo, the company's Director, announced today at a reception in his home given in honour of Mr. Leopold Lindberg, who will direct the play, and Mr. Theo Otto who has done the stage sets.

Mr. Lindberg, who last year directed the play in Zurich, told the many actors, theatre critics and others connected with the theatre that he had worked with Mr. Otto in about 200 plays during the past 32 years. Mr. Otto, who is visiting Israel for the first time, spoke about some of his initial impressions.

Mr. Milo stated that "The Castle" will be the first Kafka play performed on the Israel stage. *(Itim)*

Many Injured as Sikhs Riot for New State

NEW DELHI, Wednesday (UP) — Twenty-five police and an undetermined number of Sikhs were wounded on Monday night in an armed clash at Amritsar when a mob of more than 7,000 Sikhs defied an official ban on demonstrations supporting the creation of a new linguistic state.

A fanatical group of Sikhs has been agitating for more than two months for the formation of a "Punjab speaking state" in which they would be in the majority over the Hindus. Police exchanged gunfire with the rioters when the demonstration got out of hand. More than 250 persons were arrested.

PRIZE.—Dr. Camille, Goerin, 82, discoverer of an anti-tuberculosis vaccine yesterday became the first recipient of the French Government's scientific research prize of 1m. francs.

Callers Call But Musicians Grounded

Jerusalem Post Bureau

TEL AVIV, Wednesday.—Hundreds of callers bombarded the El Al enquiry office here today in person and by telephone to enquire into the whereabouts of the first 30 members of the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra who were due at Lydda Airport at 4 o'clock this morning at the end of their European tour.

Meanwhile, the musicians, who were so anxious to get home that they did not join the majority of the ensemble vacationing in Europe, were spending a long, enforced rest in Vienna where engine trouble grounded the El Al plane and necessitated bringing over a new aircraft from London.

It was learned tonight that what the harassed officials at the enquiry office have already nicknamed the "Orchestra Plane" should be leaving Vienna early tomorrow morning and be at Lydda about noon, after the longest hold-up suffered by El Al for many months.

Much praise has been given to the airline by officials of the Israel Philharmonic, because of its efficiency in transporting the Orchestra all over Europe and helping it to keep its exacting time-table.

Italian Ship Chartered By Zim Company

Jerusalem Post Bureau

HAIFA, Wednesday. — The Italian freighter which was awarded the transport of 18,000 tons of Turkish pyrites for Fertilizers & Chemicals Ltd., in preference to an Israel ship was chartered for this purpose by the Zim Navigation Company, the directors of Traders & Shippers Ltd. announced here today. This company failed to obtain the business on asking 12 per cent more than the Italian shippers.

The company claims that it is not sense to describe as "Israel shipping" any vessel operated by an Israel company and to use ships of other flags operating at lower costs to displace an Israel competitor.

ARABS CONFUSED OVER POLITICAL SITUATION

Arab public opinion is in a state of "complete turmoil and confusion" regarding the Arab political situation, according to yesterday's editorial in the Jordan paper "A-Diffa."

It said that political circles in every Arab capital are "deeply worried," and feel that they do not know what the future holds in store for the Arab states, and how the Arab world could become "more united."

MECCA. — President Soekarno of Indonesia will leave on July 12 on his first pilgrimage to Mecca. *En route* to Mecca he will pay official visits to Thailand, Burma, India, Pakistan, Iraq, Egypt, and Saudi Arabia. He will be gone about one month.

Cables in Brief

QUAKE. — A serious earthquake which hit north-west China on May 21 claimed more than 1,000 lives in the eastern part of Shensi Province, according to the Nationalist news agency in Taipeh. Thousands of houses were reported demolished.

ROCKET. — Hermann Oberth, German rocket pioneer who helped develop the Nazis' V-2 rocket, has gone to work for the U.S. Army and will produce guided missiles, it was announced in Washington.

REFUGEES. — Canada notified the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees that she would, subject to Parliament approval, make a grant of $125,000 for the first year of the four-year programme for 300,000 refugees now in Germany, Austria, Italy, and Greece.

ROMANCE. — Cecilia DeMille Harper, 19-year-old granddaughter of Hollywood producer Cecil B. DeMille, married a 33-year-old Egyptian cavalry officer yesterday in a Moslem ceremony at the Egyptian Consulate in San Francisco. The marriage climaxed a desert romance that started on a vast movie set near Cairo for the colour shooting of DeMille's second production of the "Ten Commandments."

ACCIDENT. — A woman and five of her children were killed when a passenger train hit a car at a level crossing in Allen's Grove, Wisconsin. The children ranged in age from three months to 16 years.

ARSENAL. — A small arsenal of hand-grenades, mortar bombs, rifle ammunition, machineguns and bazookas, in good condition, was discovered by workmen cleaning a disused furnace in a factory in Genoa.

UNESCO. — A. G. Dickson, former foreign correspondent of the London "Daily Telegraph" and author of publications on community development and mass education, has been appointed head of a UNESCO mission to Iraq, where he will arrive this month, the British Ministry of Education announced.

Exports Drop Again During April

April exports dropped 10 per cent as compared with April, 1954. This was the second consecutive month in which exports were lower than the same period last year, it is learned from statistics published by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry. There is reason to believe that the downward trend has continued since this April.

Total exports from January to April this year were $44m., of which industrial items were $12m. and agricultural $26m. Decline in the total volume of exports is explained by the serious drop in the sale of automobiles. April exports of this item were 33 per cent of April, 1954. Citrus shipments were also lower because of the smaller crop. Diamond and metal industry foreign sales increased considerably in the first third of this year.

UNRWA TANKERS FOR JORDAN WATER CRISIS

UNITED NATIONS, Wednesday (INA). — Jordan will receive eight water tankers from UNRWA to help meet the acute water shortage in Jordan this summer, according to an announcement here. Two of them have already been given to the Jordan Ministry of Interior.

THE NATIONAL RELIGIOUS FRONT

(HAPOEL HAMIZRAHI AND THE MIZRAHI and unaffiliated votes)

★

The number of people in religious settlements is

26,500

and not 868,000 as erroneously printed on Monday.

Izhak (Jurek) Botner — Mimi Ronai

Married

Tel Aviv, July 5, 1955.

We wish to express our deepfelt sympathy to our Director General

MR. C. PASSMAN

on the death of his

FATHER

"Malben" Transport Dept.

With deep sorrow we announce the passing away of my beloved wife, our dear mother

Sara Frieda Gold ז"ל

The funeral will take place today, upon the arrival of her sons from the U.S., and will leave from her home in Herzliya Gimmel.

The bereaved family in the U.S. and Israel

We deeply mourn the untimely death of our member

Mr. VICTOR NINIO

and express our condolences to the bereaved family.

TRAVEL ORGANIZATIONS BOOKING CLERKS CLUB Haifa

ADRIATICA S.p.Az. di Navigazione in Israel announce with deep sorrow the passing away of their dear employee

VICTOR NINIO

and express deep sympathy to the bereaved family

Mr. Giorgi Giuseppe General Agent of ADRIATICA S.p.A.z.N.

in Israel on behalf of the Management at Venice.

Ms. Sumbo Aldo, Mr. Arthur Hochdorf, and all Israel colleagues.

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THE JERUSALEM POST

Founded as The Palestine Post in 1932. Published daily except on Saturday, in Jerusalem by The Palestine Post Limited. Registered at the G.P.O.

Founder and Editor
GERSHON AGRON
Managing Editor
TED. R. LURIE

Editorial Office and Management: JERUSALEM 9 Rehov Hahavatzelet P.O.B. 81, Tel. 4233 (4 lines).
TEL AVIV Bureau: 32 Nahlat Binyamin P.O.B. 1128, Tel. 4251/2.
HAIFA Bureau: 1 Rehov Khaya P.O.B. 66, Tel. 4294 (3 lines).
SUBSCRIPTIONS: Inland IL.32.000 Foreign IL.34.000 per year.

Thursday, July 7, 1955
Tamuz 17, 5715. — 22 Ka'da 18, 1374

THE resumption of talks on the lessening of border tension in the Gaza strip which, in spite of many apprehensions,

GREEN LIGHT AT GAZA?

were held yesterday and will be resumed today should not be greeted with undue optimism or taken as an indication that all will now be smooth in these difficult negotiations.

The Egyptians, however, who at first flatly refused to discuss the Israel proposals on the same level as those put forward by Colonel Abdul Nasser and General E.L.M. Burns, the Chief of Staff of the United Nations Truce Supervision Organization, did yesterday by all accounts agree to a somewhat more fluid agenda. This was discussed in a more cordial atmosphere and the Israel proposals were given the equality of treatment on which our delegation had insisted if the talks were to have any chance of success. This was not a mere question of bargaining from the point of view of prestige. Israel's attitude as far as these talks are concerned is that nothing must be left undone to reduce tension. The four points put forward a month ago were carefully considered as practical proposals designed to keep the border safe from infiltration and incidents, and also to meet the various suggestions put forward by all parties in a way which would actually contribute to relieving a tense situation.

It is also worthy of note that in the atmosphere which seemed to prevail yesterday, there was a clear indication by General Burns that he did not regard his own proposals as in any way sacrosanct but hoped that they would be regarded as a basis upon which practical proposals could be framed. As things stand at present both sides are free to raise any suggestions they wish. Such suggestions as are now brought forward will be strictly scrutinized to determine whether they genuinely contribute to a solution of the problem or whether they are just talking points put forward to give the appearance of cooperation, but designed to obstruct any realistic solution. There is certainly no value to agreements made for agreement's sake, serving only political ends.

There seem to be some difficult psychological or emotional reasons which militate against Egypt being able to go forward wholeheartedly towards a solution of the problem. One gains the impression that that country has a certain dislike to do anything which may indicate a desire on her part to co-operate with Israel. The reasons for this of course are not difficult to comprehend, since they are basic to the whole problem of better relations between the Arab states and Israel.

The misfortune is that the practical result is that only the negligible can be accepted in negotiations like the present and anything that goes beyond that is liable to arouse all the Egyptian inhibitions. If this barrier can be overcome then there is some hope of a workable set of proposals being elaborated which may help to relieve tension. Yet the change of heart which led Egypt to resume the talks in a somewhat improved atmosphere may perhaps be the augury of better things to come. This is a great deal to hope for, but without hopes of a better outcome and some faith in the feasibility of the methods of discussion and mutual persuasion there is little left for mankind to look forward to anywhere in the world of today.

The present agenda is apparently sufficiently fluid to allow for a realistic discussion. It now remains to be seen whether on this basis some practical contribution to the restoration of peace on the border of the Gaza strip will emerge.

NEW ROAD OPENED NEAR HADERA

HADERA, Wednesday. — A new three-kilometre road was opened near here this morning in the presence of Mrs. Golda Myerson, Minister of Labour, and PICA executives.

The road, five metres wide, which took 3,500 working days to build, connects the Pardes Hanna industrial zone with the main Haifa-Hadera highway westwards, towards the new village "Or Akiva" (Caesarea). The cost of the road, IL.110,000, was shared equally by PICA and the Government.

Party Profile:

ZIONISTS: GENERAL OR PRIVATE

By GERDA LUFT

THE name of the General Zionist party stems from the time when many members of the Zionist movement objected to "Hyphenated Zionism," to the coupling of their central idea with either religious or socialist notions. The present composition and programme of the party are the result of developments since the founding of the State. The General Zionists (whose present leadership contains not a few who before the State disdained any part of the Zionist movement) have emerged as the champions of private enterprise. In addition to a suitable ideology, they are making a strong bid for the support of people who do not belong to the Labour orbit.

The General Zionists were a small faction of only seven in the First Knesset. The elections to the Second Knesset brought them spectacular success and they entered the House 20 members strong. With the addition of one Sephardi and one Yemenite member they could command 22 votes. Their last conference represented 53,000 members, of whom 10,000 to 12,000 were classified as workers.

They have lately formed a special wing in the Histadrut. They have their own women's organization, which is concerned with social work, maintains its own kindergartens, and is connected with Britain's Federated Charities (under the chairmanship of Lady Reading). "Haboker," a morning Hebrew daily, is the General Zionist organ, and the party also publishes a German-language weekly and broadsheets in other languages.

The growth of the General Zionists between the elections of 1949 and 1951 is not only the result of the swelling of their ranks by new immigrants. These, of course, played an important part too. They gave new and vigorous growth to small villages which had been stagnant for a long time, and made possible the founding of new *moshavim* like Talmei Zvi, Talmei Lazar and Talmei Menashe. But the main source of strength of the General Zionists was their fight against controls during the days of rationing, their sharp criticism of red tape in government offices, and their attempt to put a brake on the influence of the Labour parties. In this fight they were backed by manufacturers and merchants, by members of the professions and by a number of workers.

Freedom of Movement

The claim of the General Zionists, however, to grow into the "Alternative" (to Mapai) could not be made good, at least not in one election. And the Second Knesset deprived them of many of their issues when Mapai agreed to abolish or limit controls and to do away with the division of schools according to political trends.

The entrance of the General Zionists into the coalition robbed them moreover of much of their freedom of movement. They tried for a while, long before the final break which sent their Ministers into the wilderness, to carry on opposition from the Government benches as they were still in disagreement with Mapai on a number of crucial points. But until the break came they were hampered by the obligations of collective responsibility.

The aim of the General Zionists in this election is to grow so strong that it will be impossible to form a coalition without them. This definition has a different ring from the claim to become the "Alternative."

In foreign policy the General Zionists do not differ much from Mapai. They too advocate orientation towards the West and had gone along with both Ben-Gurion and Sharett during their terms of office as Prime Ministers. The basic difference with Mapai is in domestic policy.

The General Zionists believe that the State would fare better if private enterprise were free to develop. If it would be possible to attract more private capital instead of relying mainly on public funds. They are always on the alert for signs of discrimination in favour of the collective sector, they are opposed to heavy taxation on the grounds that it does not leave enough for private savings and investment, and they try to slow down the rapid expansion of Histadrut enterprises.

It is obvious that the General Zionists, by doing so, defend the interests of the "private sector." But they claim that they do so not as a pressure group but for the welfare and development of the State.

The interests which rely on the General Zionists are varied. There are first the farmers of the old settlers, the *moshavot* from Metulla in the North to Petah Tikva in the coastal plain and Gedera in the South. There are the industrialists—those that do not belong to the Histadrut. There is the business community, both wholesalers and retailers, and there are many professionals.

It is characteristic of the social climate of Israel that the General Zionists are far from thinking themselves "conservatives." They stress that their villages operate on cooperative methods, that they keep their tractors for common use and encourage cooperative buying and selling. They never opposed the national insurance scheme, and one of their members, Dr. Harel, has doggedly carried on a fight for general medical insurance in the Knesset.

During the past few years the General Zionists have strengthened their ties with the Jews abroad. They are in close contact with the present leadership of the Zionist Organization of America, they have developed relations with South American Jewry and they try to spread the understanding of their philosophy among Zionists abroad.

Other party profiles have appeared on April 10, 15 and 22 and May 4, 12, and 19.

Black Thursday in Buenos Aires

By a Special Correspondent

BUENOS AIRES (OFNS).—TWO hundred million pesos (about £5 million sterling at the free rate of exchange) has been estimated in Congress as the amount needed to pay for the damage to life and property inflicted during the series of sporadic bombings and isolated conflicts for the possession of the Ministry of Marine and several air bases.

But the tragedy of the revolt lay less in its dimensions than in its futility and in its consequences. It had been well planned, yet it failed ignominiously; and a large part of its death toll might have been avoided had more intelligent action been taken by the authorities.

How it all started is still the subject of much speculation and contradictory report; but there are details which, if not published here, are widely known among those who had knowledge of the plot and were anxiously awaiting its fulfilment.

The plan was a bold one. Its leaders had agreed that a well-armed force of trained civilians should be available in the vicinity of Government House, which was to be heavily bombed while Peron and his Ministers were engaged in their customary morning tasks. While the bombing was in progress the civilian force was to maintain heavy fire against the doors and windows to prevent any escape. When the bombing had ended, the civilians, a thousand strong, were to rush the edifice and shoot on sight every member of the Government left alive. There were to be no arrests and trials, the most effective way of dealing with the situation was to be immediate execution.

Ministry of Marine

Meanwhile, the marines were to seize the Ministry of Marine and secure the aerodromes in the vicinity of the capital. It was also understood that the Army, or an important part of it, would either take part in the operations or remain neutral.

The execution of the plot was delayed by bad flying weather; but finally it was felt that it could not be further delayed and zero hour was fixed at ten a.m. on Thursday, June 16. So well had preparations been made that observers were already posted in buildings in view of Government House. The observers were in telephone contact with the naval air base at Punta del Indio and were in constant telephonic communication with it. Their melancholy task later in the day was to record complete failure.

Visibility proved to be the first adverse factor. There was a heavy mist during the morning and as the planned air attack called for low flying there was much delay. The civilians waited; and as time passed, they became impatient and hundreds of them, convinced that execution of the plan had been postponed until better weather prevailed, dispersed to their homes. The first attack was not launched until there had been a delay of nearly three hours. There were a number of direct hits, but many bombs failed to explode.

White Flag

Those civilians who were available took up their posts and maintained a heavy fire. But the Army quickly began to move and the unfortunate marines, hopelessly outnumbered by troops accompanied by tanks, were eventually compelled to hoist the white flag. The streets immediately behind Government House were swept by fire and became a target for bombs which had fallen beyond Government House. Unfortunately, those streets are used as car parks and are congested omnibus routes. That is why civilian casualties were so heavy.

The lunch-hour public did not know what was happening until death overtook them by complete surprise. It had been arranged by the Government that aircraft should fly at noon over the cathedral as a protest against the burning of an Argentine flag allegedly by clerical demonstrators. Owing to poor flying weather that flight was suspended. But the majority of the people did not know that. When the first aircraft came over they believed it was the announced demonstration. Only when bombs fell and guns began to rattle was the appalling truth realized. Death fell on defenceless crowds before they knew whence it came or why.

As shops and business premises rapidly closed their doors and shutters and the underground railway entrances were shut, there was no place of refuge for anyone in the streets. Peril was increased by gangs of the militant Alianza Nacional group (a local version of Hitler's S.S. men) who raided gunshops and took over control of the thoroughfares adjacent to their headquarters. Their loudspeakers threatened all loiterers with death; and newspapermen were not made any happier by the knowledge that the city block in which the group's headquarters are situated is that in which are all four overseas cable offices...

All attacks appeared to have ended before four in the afternoon; but shortly before nightfall, when the wireless was announcing complete victory and Peron was going on the air, panic was renewed when a solitary airman appeared over the Plaza de Mayo and sprayed groups of people with machine-gun fire.

Last Phase

That was the last phase of the fighting. Night settled down to a steady drizzle and then red glows appeared in the skies as vandals set fire to seven of the city's most historic churches. The Government later claimed that these outrages were the work of Communists; but there are few correspondents who credit that assertion. The ranks of the Alianza Nacionalists include many desperate men. It was they who burned down the Jockey Club a few years ago and destroyed scores of plate-glass windows. They are credited with having set fire to the churches.

The police and the fire brigade acted tardily and seemed strangely apathetic. Several correspondents accompanied me in a walk amid the rain at four in the morning. We were able to move freely, provided we showed our credentials. We found smoke pouring through the windows of the old San Ignacio Church while three policemen looked on idly. There were no firemen in evidence. It seemed as if there were no desire to extinguish the dull glow within the edifice, which was slowly burning to ruins.

There was a different story outside the Church of Santo Domingo. There we saw firemen and lines of hose, while water was being pumped steadily. But there was a reason for that: this is the church in whose outer walls are embedded cannonballs fired by the British invaders nearly 150 years ago.

(Copyright)

Yesterday's Press

Relief Wage Rate Abolished

"AL HAMISHMAR" (Mapam) claims a feather in its cap for the decision to abolish the special relief wage. Reviewing the three-year long tale of suffering and discrimination against those who were subjected to the arrangement, the paper is not so sure whether, unless the electorate chooses a Government with the interests of the masses at heart, the new decision will not be reversed again.

"Lamerhav" (Ahdut Ha'avoda) notes that this is a step in the right direction, although a bit late. It blames the Coalition for the suffering of the workers, but above all castigates Mapai, the ruling majority which permitted matters to come to such a pass. It is a good thing, the paper observes, that the elections are on the horizon, but after the elections, what then? Is there any guarantee that the Mapai-General Zionist separation will persist? The solution is an all-Labour Government.

Analysing the causes of Cairo's evasiveness, "Davar" (Histadrut) claims that Egypt wants to remain in the good graces of the U.N. yet avert beclouding the third birthday of its dictatorship by talking amity with Israel. Israel, on her part, is interested in security and in that spirit will go to great lengths to keep the talks alive.

"Hatzofe" (Mizrahi) declares that these talks are only one phase in the international political struggle and that Egypt must be brought to book. Israel must gird herself with patience till a showdown is reached. But "Hamodia" (World Agudа) opines that Israel is attaching too much importance to the talks, for if the Egyptians are reluctant to discuss the problem how much more reluctant will she be to implement the decisions! Perhaps it were better if Israel adopted evasive tactics and let the Egyptians tag along.

"Herut" links the talks with the Egyptian bombardment of an Akaba-bound British pilgrim vessel. Reading off the roster of the Foreign Ministry's failures — the Bat Galim affair and the failure to seize two islands off Eilat, among others — the paper asserts that they have put Israel on the defensive. Cairo's embargo on the Port of Eilat is intimately connected with its impudence at Kilometre 95. Can we wonder, it concludes, if the bombardment of a non-Israel ship in Eilat waters is not even exploited by Israel?

"Zmanim" (Progressive) sides with the attacks launched against the Haifa Mayor's Fund, explaining that it is unique in that the "contributors" are people wo contravene the building laws at the connivance of the Mayor's office and are often "reminded" that they have failed to remit their contribution. The paper deplores the fact that this particular facet of Haifa Municipal affairs will not be considered in the Controller's coming report.

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Readers' Letters

TELEPHONE SITUATION

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — The residents of the Hillel Quarter in Ramat Gan have been waiting most anxiously for the installation of telephones in their neighbourhood; I, among others, paid the installation fee as soon as it was requested last November, but no action has yet been taken.

There is no possibility of calling for aid in an emergency, as I discovered one Saturday, when a doctor was urgently needed and it was impossible to use a phone or get a taxi, as very few taxis, if any, pass by our quarter on the Shabbath. We earnestly appeal to the authorities to give this matter their quick attention.

Yours, etc
W. S. H.

Ramat Gan

Pakistan's Constituent Assembly to Meet

By O. M. GREEN

LONDON, (OFNS).—IN the pleasant hill station of Murree in West Punjab, isolated from both the physical and political heats of Karachi, Pakistan's new Constituent Assembly, elected on June 21, meets today to adopt the Constitution over which its predecessor quarrelled for six years, and it is hoped, to inaugurate an era of acceptably democratic government.

The past 12 months have been a period of great political difficulty for Pakistan.

Just a year ago, the disorders, strikes and killings in East Pakistan (East Bengal) which the local United Front Government had done nothing to suppress, obliged the Governor-General, Mr. Ghulam Mohammed, to suspend the administration and put the Province under the Governor rule of Major-General Iskander Mirza.

The Governor successfully restored law and order; rice, cloth and salt were derationed and made plentiful. Representative government was re-established early last month in East Pakistan, but in October the intrigues and corruption of the Constituent Assembly in West Pakistan had aroused so much public disgust that Mr. Ghulam Mohammed felt compelled to dissolve it, while the whole State was reorganized. Fresh elections were promised for May, but the Government was then in trouble with an action brought against it by the president of the Assembly on the ground that its dissolution was illegal; and there were several weeks of anxious litigation before the Supreme Court decided the case in the Government's favour. After this there was trouble in West Punjab, where the Chief Minister, Mr. Feroz Khan Noon, hotly opposed the holding of elections. This was settled by dismissing him from his post.

The new Constituent Assembly will contain 80 representatives of the provincial assemblies which are themselves elected by popular vote. And an important point is that both East Pakistan and West Pakistan (in which all the five provinces and former princely States which acceded to Pakistan in 1947 are being formed into a single unit) will have equal representation, 40 members each.

The largest single party is the Moslem League, with 26 seats; then the United Front of East Bengal, 16, and the Awami League, also of East Bengal, 12. The remainder are small groups of Independents, Congress, Scheduled Castes (commonly known in India as outcastes) and one Opposition member from the Punjab.

Precisely how the Assembly will function remains to be seen. Mr. Mohammed Ali, the Prime Minister, is reported to have said that he will form a coalition with the promised help of the United Front Party, which would give him a bare majority even without support from the smaller groups. But this put Mr. Suwiawardi, the Law Minister, head of the Awami League (which is hostile to the United Front, rather "out on a limb"; and he is an important figure both for his own high ability and prestige, and because, as Law Minister, he has to pilot the new draft Constitution through the Assembly. But these questions are not for the Premier, but for Mr. Ghulam Mohammed to decide.

Constitution Needed

It is not even certain that the Governor General will retain Mr. Mohammed Ali as Premier, although it is not very clear why a new Cabinet need be formed. For, although the Assembly can initiate legislation, its chief duty, the business for which it has been called together, is to adopt a Constitution, for which Pakistan has waited for eight years, and all previous discussions of which were embittered and wrecked by racial and religious animosities, party intrigues and provincial jealousies.

Now an entirely new Constitution has been drafted for the Assembly's approval by the Government's legal experts. It prescribes a republican government on the American pattern. Its fate, according to experienced observers, hangs upon one issue — will it give East Pakistan the autonomy, the freedom from dictation by Karachi, which the Bengalis demand? Separated from West Pakistan by 1,600 kilometres of an unfriendly India, East Pakistan's population is far greater than that of the whole of West Pakistan, speaking a different language, differing largely in religion, physique, customs and economy.

East Pakistan would presumably raise no great objection to a Federal Government and capital for matters concerning the whole State, foreign affairs, for instance. But on complete independence in the management of its own interests it is adamant. Whatever differences there may be between the United Front Party and the Awami League, they will stand together in this.

If this problem can be solved, Pakistan should be able to press on with its economic development unhampered by serious political troubles. But the dangers of a breakdown with unforeseeable consequences undeniably exist.

KEEPING POSTED

WE have been doing a little travelling around and have discovered that our customs authorities have a remarkable regard for the fitness of things. If you arrive by a fast means of transport, that is to say an aeroplane, your affairs will be dealt with quite swiftly. But if you arrive by ship, then you are going to have a long hot wait before you have a chance of getting out. How do they work out this policy? There are seven inspectors at Lydda Airport, who have to deal with an average of 70 pieces hand luggage for each plane. It is rare that they have much more, for excess baggage brought by air is expensive. As everyone knows the customs people are most reasonable nowadays, not only with tourists but with returning passengers, though there is usually one passenger on each plane who arouses their incalculable suspicions and is given the works. Most people are away within an hour of touching down.

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BUT try coming by sea. There were 569 passengers on the Negbah and the Filippo Grimani which arrived in Haifa about the same time on Tuesday morning. Between them, the passengers had about 3,000 items of baggage, including large steamer trunks, tempting crates and mysterious and heavy packages, the kind of thing that is a Custom man's dream. The dream has to be shared by only 15 men, and can therefore easily be stretched out over something like six hours, with any luck. We certainly saw a pair of student tourists from America who had retired into a shady corner to play rummy, and said that they had been playing without a stop there for three hours.

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A FRIEND says that she was going to the Or-Gil Cinema in Jerusalem one night, where "Riot in Cell Block 11" is being shown. The iron gates were locked and barred, with three policemen, or what looked like policemen, outside, armed with realistic-looking pistols. Just round the corner there was more police, two of them armed with mock stens. She said nervously to her husband that she thought this kind of realism was excessive. She was surprised that the police allowed people to masquerade in uniform like that, just as publicity dummies for a film of the kind that only encourages gangsterism anyway. The doors were so realistically locked that they found they could not get in at all. When they complained to one of the guards they learnt that the film show had been cancelled and there was an election meeting going on inside. It seems the heckling had got so violent that police had been called to eject the disturbers of the peace, who were now effectively being kept out.

THE special listener whom we have appointed to Ramallah Radio English broadcasts says that they are still being pretty uninventive, and draw quite a lot of their inspiration from musical events in Israel. The latest piece of cultural cooperation is a reordering of "A vu sol ich gen?", a sentimental Yiddish ditty sung and recorded by Leo Fuld, whose personal appearance concerts here recently were a great success. The essential Brooklyn schmaltz of the song is in no way concealed by billing it as "Gipsy Song" and failing to announce the name of the artist.

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YOU know about the burglar with a heart of gold; either he works extra quietly so as not to wake the tiny golden-haired girl hugging her teddy-bear, or else he leaves a little small change for the charwoman who will have to clear up the mess he left. A little town in California has now turned up a thief who would not harm a flower. This character stole 20 handsome flower pots from a new house, but took the time to re-plant all the flowers carefully in the front garden. We recommend that he be exiled to Israel to take care of Jerusalem's barren squares and garden lots.

Today's contributors include H.A. and D.K., both of Jerusalem.

RELIGIOUS COURT, TEL AVIV-JAFFA
File 5090/1954

NOTICE

Mr. Emil Stolzenberg, asks to be allowed to remarry, since his wife Mrs. Shindel nee Glaser disappeared 30 years ago. She is asked to appear before us, and anyone knowing of her whereabouts is asked to appear before us on Sunday, July 17, 1955, at 9 a.m.

(Sgd.) M. Simkin,
Secretary
Tel Aviv-Jaffa, July 3, 1955.

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